(c) and (d) During the Eighth Plan period, 15 projects are envisaged to be completed by CCI yielding a total coal production capacity of 14.07 mty on completion.

(e) and (f) Coal India Ltd. has met demand for coal in the year 1992-93. However, some of the new coal projects like Eakulia Underground (ECL), Samleshwari Opencast (MCL), Dudhichua Expansion (NCL), Parej East Opencast (CCL), Gondegaon Opencast (WCL) and Madapalli Opencast (SCCL) with an additional capacity of 12.71 million tonnes per annum have been sanctioned during the current Plan period to meet the anticipated future demand.

Amount outstanding against Power sector

285. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Power Sector is estimated to owe about Rs. 2900 crores as outstanding to the Coal Industry;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard;

(c) what is the amount outstanding against each State Electricity Board and Power Sector Undertaking as on 30th September, 1993 and since when these dues are outstanding against each concern; and

(d) what are the reasons for non-payment in each case and what steps have been taken by Government so far for the recovery of the outstanding?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA): (a) to (c) The details of total outstanding dues of Coal India Ltd., against each of Electricity Board/ Power Utilities as on 30-9-93 are given below:

	Electricity Board/Power Utilities	(Rs. in crores) (Data Provisional)
1.	Andhra Pradesh Electricity Board	11.57
2.	Ahmedabad Electric Company (AEC)	26.37
3.	Badarpur Thermal Power Station	334.63
4.	Bihar State Electricity Board	54.40
5.	Calcutta Electricity Supply Co. (CESC)	0.88
6.	Damodar Valley Corporation	275.25
7.	Delhi Electricity Supply Undertaking (DESU)	62.32
8.	Durgapur Projects Ltd.	89.57
9.	Gujarat State Electricity Board	179.67
10.	Haryana State Electricity Board	124.99
11.	Karnataka Power Corporation Ltd.	5.88
12.	Madhya Pradesh State Electricity Board	36.47
13.	Maharashtra State Electricity Board	348.93
14.	National Thermal Power Corporation	233.94
15.	Orissa State Electricity Board	13.91
16.	Punjab State Electricity Board	203.23
17.	Rajasthan State Electricity Board	54.53
18.	Tamil Nadu Electricity Board	86.95
19.	Uttar Pradesh State Electricity Board	235.99
20.	West Bengal State Electricity Board	139.23
21.	West Bengal Power Development Corporation	167.20
22.	Others	9.73
	TOTAL	2605.64

The dues have accumulated over a period of time because of wide gap between the value of coal supplied by coal companies and payments made by the power utilities.

(d) One of the main reasons for non-clearance of coal bills is the financial constraints faced by the power utilities. Following are the important steps taken to recover the outstanding dues :

(i) All power units commissioned after 1-4-89 were being supplied coal only against advance payments or against revolving Letter of Credit.

(ii) Government of India have decided to adjust all undisputed coal sales outstanding as on 31-5-1990 against the Central Assistance to State Plans payable to the State Governments whose State Electricity Boards and Power Utilities had defaulted, in four equal instalments.

(iii) As a result of mounting arrears of outstanding dues, Ministry of Coal advised CIL to start supplying coal to the Power Utilities only against advance payments. This scheme which is better known as Cash and Carry Scheme was introduced with effect from 1-10-1991.

(iv) State Government have been requested to pursuade/enable their State Electricity Boards to clear the outstanding dues at the earlist.

मंत्रालय के साथ सांसदों का पत्र-व्यवहार

286. **श्री मोहम्मद अफजल** उर्फ **मीम अफजल** : क्या **कोयला** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) 1 अप्रैल, 1990 से 31 मार्च, 1993 की अवधि के दौरान सांसदों द्वारा मंत्रालय को कितने पत्र लिखे गए और उनका क्रमवार वर्ष-वार ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ख) उनमें से कितने पत्रों की पावती भेजी गई ;

(ग) कितने पत्रों के अन्तिम उत्तर भेजे गए; और

(घ) मंत्रालय द्वारा भेजे गए क्रमशः सकारात्मक और नकारात्मक उत्तर वाले अंतिम पत्रों के पृथक-पृथक आंकड़े क्या हैं ?

कोयला मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री अजित कुमार पांजा) : (क) से (घ) इस संबंध में सूचना एकत्रित की जा रही है और उपलब्ध होते ही सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

मेघालय को रॉयल्टी के रूप में दी गई धनराशि

287. **श्री शिव चरण सिंह** : क्या **कोयला** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) देश भर में कोयले के कुल कितने भंडार हैं और कोयले की वार्षिक आवश्यकता कितनी है तथा देश में इसका वार्षिक उत्पादन कितना है;

(ख) देश में कोयले के उत्पादन तथा इसकी आवश्यकता के बीच कितना अंतर है और विदेशों से आयातित कोयले की मात्रा तथा उसकी दर का देश-वार ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) क्या मेघालय को रॉयल्टी के रूप में कोई धनराशि दी गई है;

(घ) यदि हां, तो उक्त रायल्टी की धनराशि कितनी है; और

(ङ) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं ?

कोयला मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री अजित कुमार पांजा) (क) और (ख) भारतीय भू-सर्वेक्षण द्वारा किए